

# New York State Department of Health 2011 Adult Immunization Schedule

Vaccine/Age	19-49 Years	50-64 Years	65 Years or Older
<b>Influenza</b>	You need one dose yearly.		
<b>Tetanus, Diphtheria, Pertussis (Td, Tdap)</b>	<p>If you've never had at least three shots containing tetanus and diphtheria, you need to get them now.</p> <p>If, as an adult you haven't had a vaccine that contains pertussis (whooping cough), one of the doses that you receive needs to have pertussis in it. This vaccine is known as Tdap. In addition, all adults need another Td (tetanus and diphtheria) shot, or booster, every 10 years.</p> <p>Be sure to consult your health care professional if you have a deep or dirty wound. You may need a dose at that time.</p> <p>If you are pregnant and your vaccination status is unknown or incomplete, 3 vaccinations containing tetanus and reduced diphtheria toxoids are recommended. Tdap should be used for one of these doses, preferably after 20 weeks of pregnancy.</p>		
<b>Varicella (Chickenpox)</b>	<p>If you've never had chickenpox, or you were never vaccinated, you need to get two doses.</p> <p>If you've been vaccinated but you received only one dose, you need to get a second dose.</p>		
<b>Human Papillomavirus (HPV4, HPV2)</b>	<p>You need HPV4 or HPV2 if you are a woman who is 26 years or younger.</p> <p>Males 26 years or younger may receive only HPV4 .</p> <p>HPV vaccines are given as a three-dose series.</p>		
<b>Zoster (Shingles)</b>	If you are 60 years or older, you need one dose of this vaccine.		
<b>Measles, Mumps, Rubella (MMR)</b>	<p>You need at least one dose of MMR if you were born in 1957 or later, unless one or more of the following is true: you already received the vaccine; you have a medical contraindication to vaccination; you have lab evidence of disease, or you have already had measles. You also may need a second dose.*</p>	<p>You may need one or two doses if you were born <b>before</b> 1957 and you're at increased risk due to a medical condition or your profession.*</p> <p>You may need one or two doses if you were born in 1957 or later.</p>	
<b>Pneumococcal</b>	You need one to two doses if you smoke cigarettes or you currently have certain chronic medical conditions, including asthma.*		<p>You need one dose at 65 years or older.</p> <p>You will need a second dose if you are 65 years and older and you received your first dose when you were younger than 65 and it has been 5 or more years since the first dose.</p>

\*Consult your healthcare professional to determine your level of risk for infection and your need for this vaccine.

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<b>Meningococcal</b>	<p>If you have never been vaccinated and you are located in a high-risk setting,* you need to receive one dose of this vaccine.</p> <p>People with certain medical conditions need one or more doses of this vaccine.*</p> <p>If you are traveling to, or living in, a part of the world where meningococcal disease is common, such as parts of Africa, this vaccine is recommended.</p>	<p>People with certain medical conditions need one or more doses of this vaccine.*</p> <p>If you are traveling to, or living in, a part of the world where meningococcal disease is common, such as parts of Africa, this vaccine is recommended.</p>	
<b>Hepatitis A (HepA)</b>	<p>You need this vaccine if you have a specific risk factor for hepatitis A virus infection* or if you simply wish to be protected from this disease. This vaccine is usually given as two doses, 6–18 months apart.</p>		
<b>Hepatitis B (HepB)</b>	<p>You need this vaccine if you have a specific risk factor for hepatitis B virus infection* or if you simply wish to be protected from this disease. This vaccine is given as a three-dose series over 6 months.</p>		
<b>Do you travel outside the United States?</b>	<p>If so, you may need additional vaccines. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) operates an international traveler’s health information line.</p> <p>Call 1-800-232-4636 or visit CDC’s Web site at <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/travel">www.cdc.gov/travel</a> for information about your destination. You may also consult a travel clinic or your health care professional.</p>		

\*Consult your healthcare professional to determine your level of risk for infection and your need for this vaccine.